

Supporting Information for:

Solid-Liquid Phase Transfer Catalyzed Selective Reduction of Bifunctional Moieties

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3.1 General procedure for chemoselective reduction of bifunctional carbonyl moieties with NaBH₄/TBAI in Aqueous conditions :

Equimolar (0.009) mixture of aldehyde and ketone is mixed with 0.0009 moles of TBAI and 0.0036 moles of NaBH₄ in 10 ml distilled water. The reaction mixture is stirred at room temperature. Quenching of reaction was done by using saturated solution of sodium chloride and extraction was done with chloroform. Na₂SO₄ was used for drying organic layer. Evaporation of the organic solvent afforded the crude product which was further purified by column chromatography. Progress of reaction was observed with TLC and identification of product was done by IR and NMR.

3.2 General Procedure for Chemoselective Reduction of α , β -unsaturated carbonyl compound with NaBH₄/TBAI:

Aqueous NaBH₄ (3.95 mmol) and tetrabutylammonium iodide (0.87 g, 2.3 mmol, in one lot) were introduced to a stirred solution of α , β – unsaturated carbonyl compound (7.9 mmol) in ethanol (10 mL). The mixture was stirred at room temperature. Ethanol was removed by distillation. Extraction of aqueous layer was performed by diethyl ether (3.25mL) which was further dried (anhyd. Na₂SO₄), and concentrated. Column chromatography was used to purify the crude product by involving a solvent mixture of Ethyl acetate and hexane over silica gel. Reaction was examined with TLC and the product was recognized by IR and NMR. Spectroscopic data of all reduction product molecules are explained below.

IR and HNMR Data of newly synthesized compounds

Phenyl methanol (3a-3h): IR (ν , cm⁻¹): 3363, 2873, 1953, 1874, 1652, 1604, 1495, 1452, 1206, 1016, 1010, 965, 848, 765.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 4.07 (s, 1H, OH), 4.40 (s, 2H, CH₂), 7.15- 7.23 (m, 5H, ArH) ppm.

2- Nitro Phenyl methanol (3i): IR (ν , cm⁻¹): 3287, 2961, 2420, 1610, 1522, 1338, 1186, 1035, 856.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 3.41 (s, 1H, OH), 4.93 (s, 2H, CH₂), 7.41-7.45 (t, 1H, ArH), 7.61-7.65 (t, 1H, ArH), 7.72-7.74 (d, 1H, ArH), 8.02-8.05 (d, 1H, ArH) ppm.

3 phenylprop-2-en-1-ol (3j): IR (ν , cm⁻¹): 3345, 3030, 2873, 1952, 1873, 1646, 1495, 1453, 1206, 1015, 911, 738

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 4.12 (s, 1H, OH), 4.31-4.33 (d, 2H, CH₂), 6.33-6.40 (m, 1H, HC=CH), 6.60-6.64 (d, 1H, CH), 7.22-7.40 (m, 5H, ArH) ppm.

but-2-ene-2-ol (3k): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 2.52 (d, 3H, CH₃), 3.92 (s, 1H, OH), 4.42 (d, 2H, CH₂), 5.66-5.75 (m, 2H, HC=CH) ppm.

4-(4-chlorophenyl)but-3-en-2-ol (3l): IR (u, cm⁻¹): 3347, 2873, 1953, 1874, 1810, 1646, 1495, 1453, 1206, 1015, 911, 739, 595.

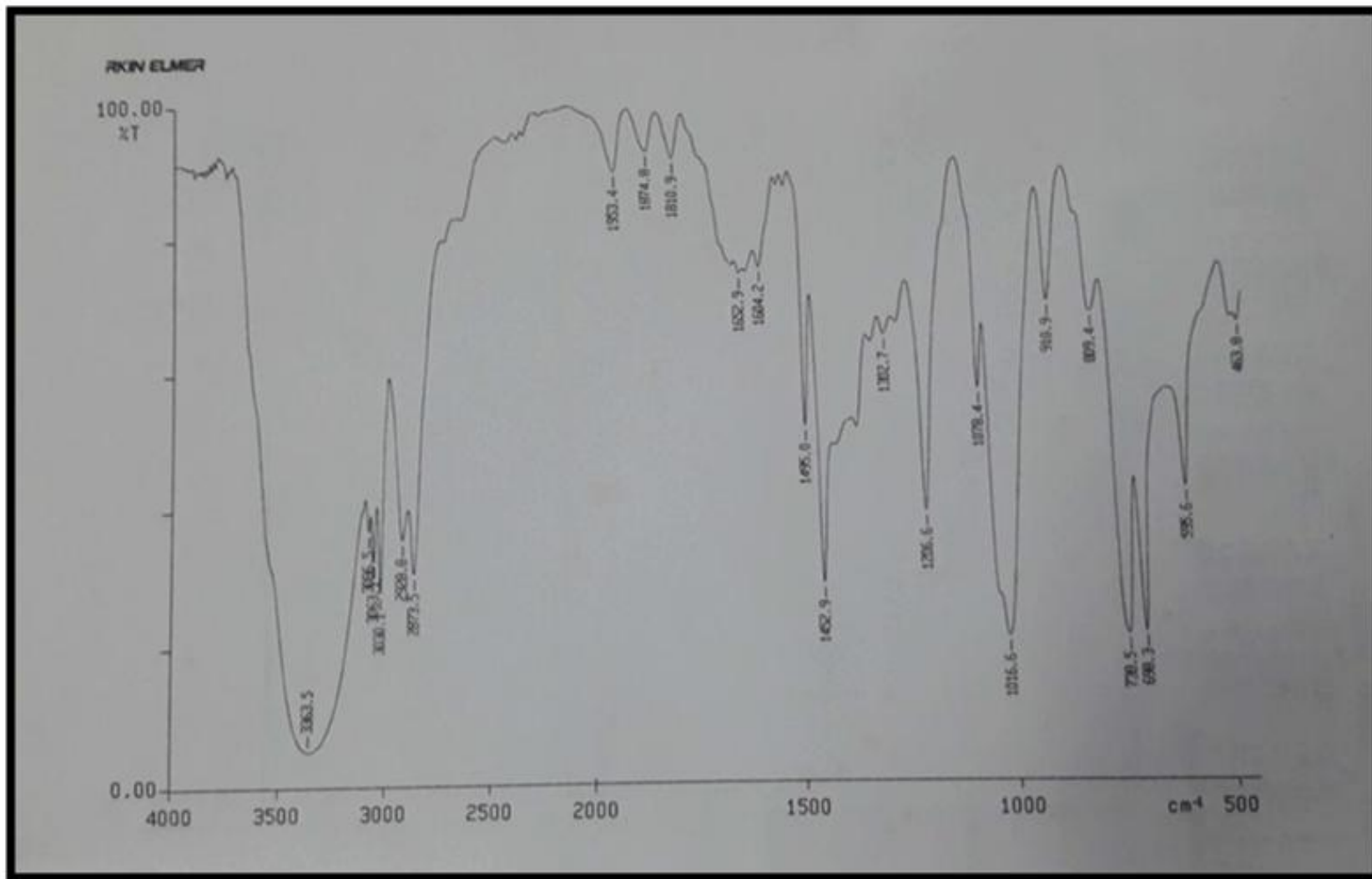
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 2.45 (s, 1H, OH), 4.59 (d, 2H, CH₂), 7.22 (s, 1H, HC=CH), 7.26-7.33 (m, 5H, CH) ppm.

4-(p-tolyl)but-3-ene-2-ol (3m): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 2.75 (d, 3H, CH₃), 3.76 (s, 1H, OH), 4.44 (d, 2H, CH₂), 6.4 (d, 1H, CH), 6.6 (1H, CH), 7.17 – 7.24 (m, 4H, ArH) ppm.

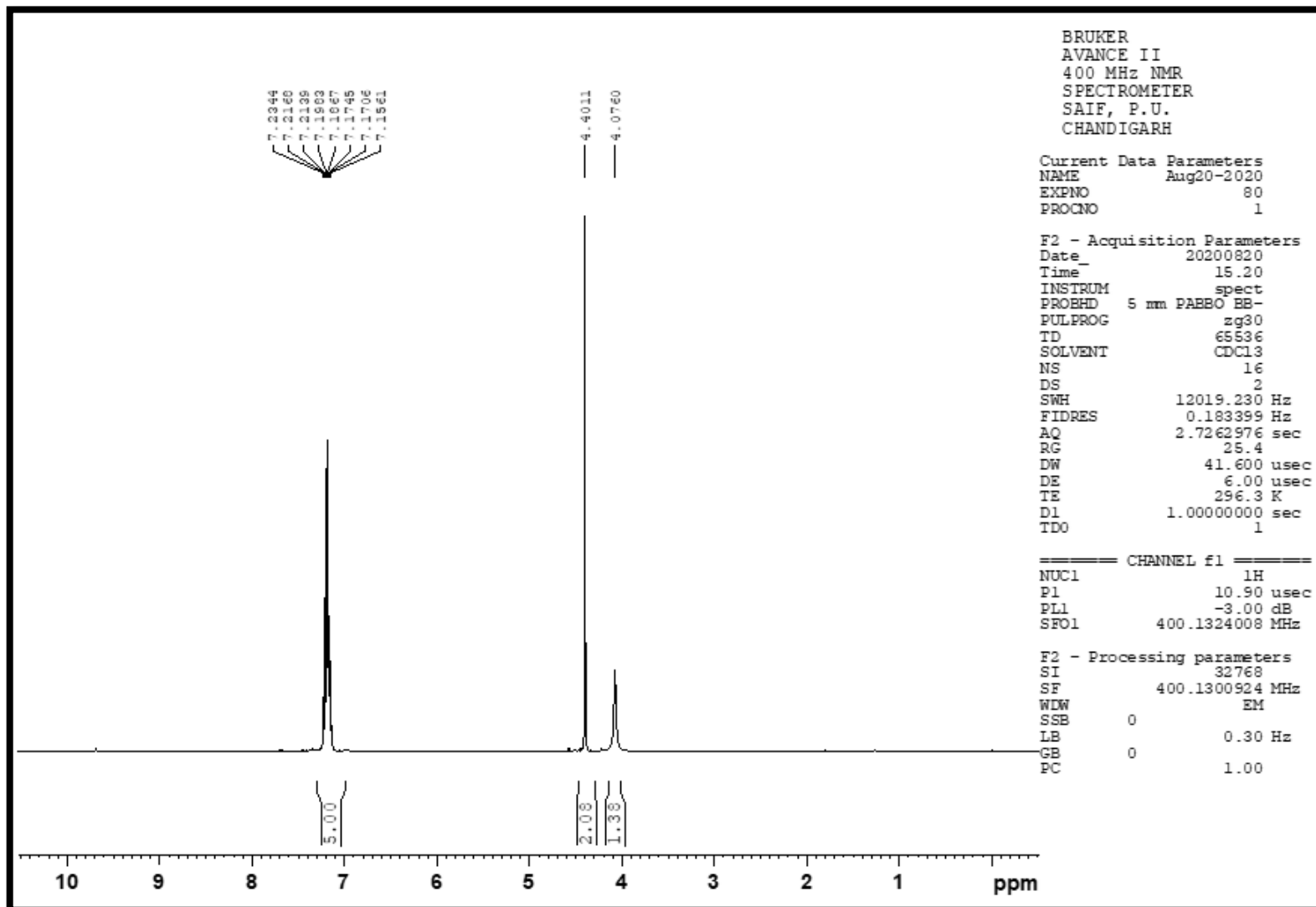
1,3 phenylprop-2-en-1-ol (3n): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 3.46 (s, 1H, OH), 5.78 (s, 1H, CH), 6.73-6.89 (m, 2H, HC=CH), 7.30-7.89 (m, 10H, ArH) ppm.

1-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-phenylprop-2-ene-1-ol (3o): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 3.36 (s, 1H, OH), 5.19 (s, 1H, CH), 6.06-6.29 (m, 2H, HC=CH), 7.30-7.75 (m, 9H, ArH) ppm.

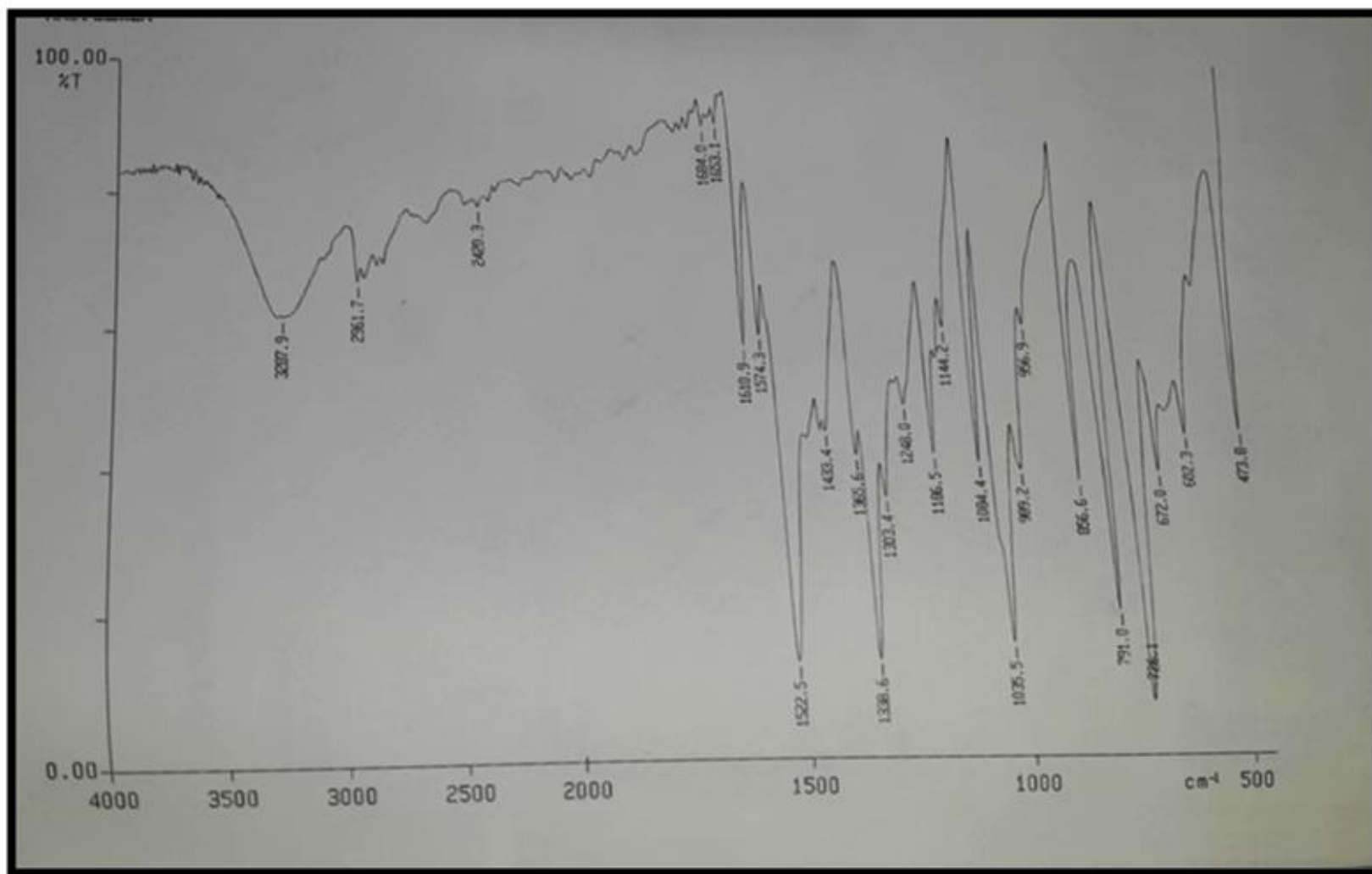
IR Spectra of Phenyl methanol (3a-3h)



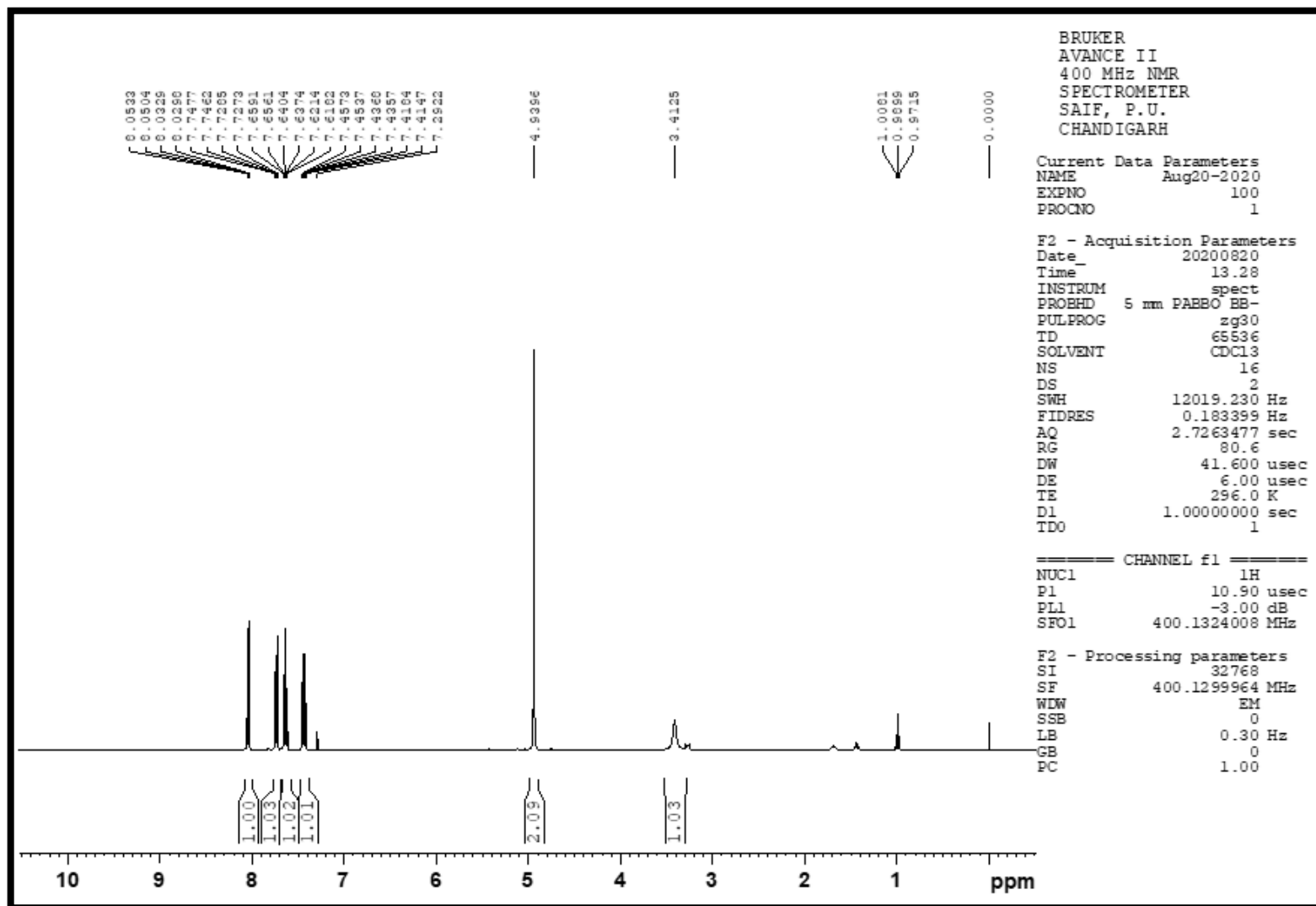
¹H NMR Spectra of Phenyl methanol (3a-3h)



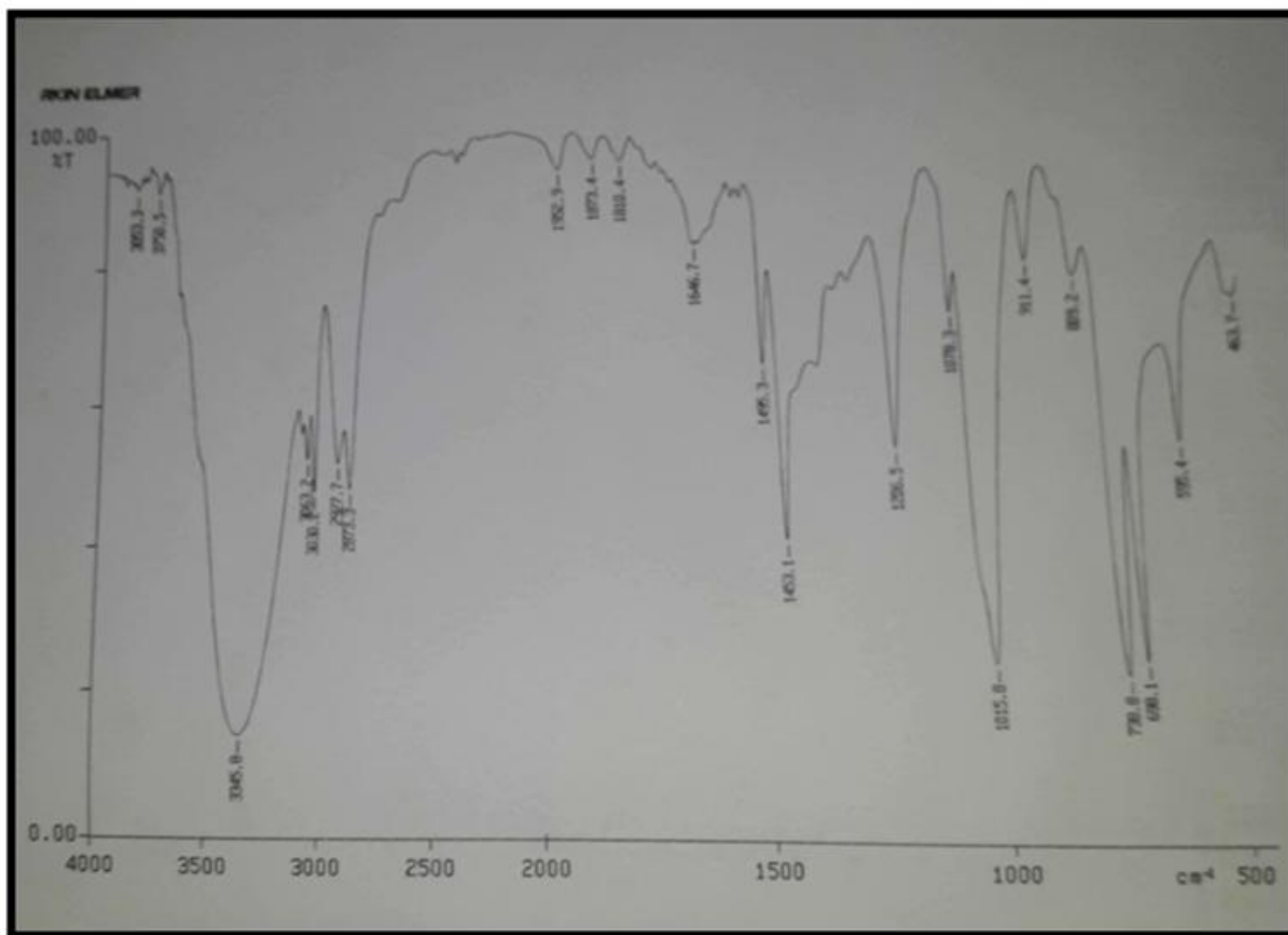
IR Spectra of 2-Nitro Phenyl methanol (3i)



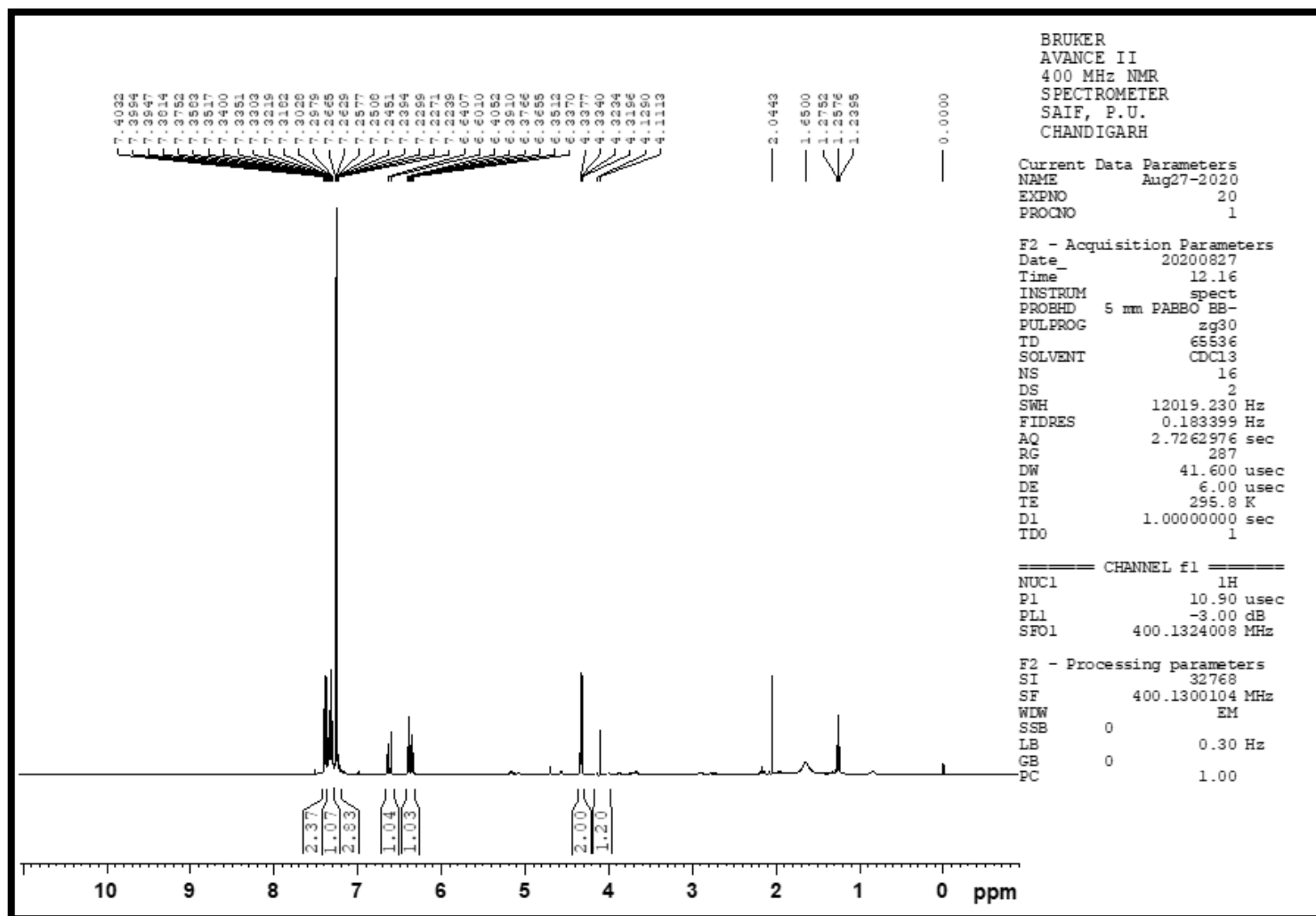
¹H NMR Spectra of 2-Nitro Phenyl methanol (3i)



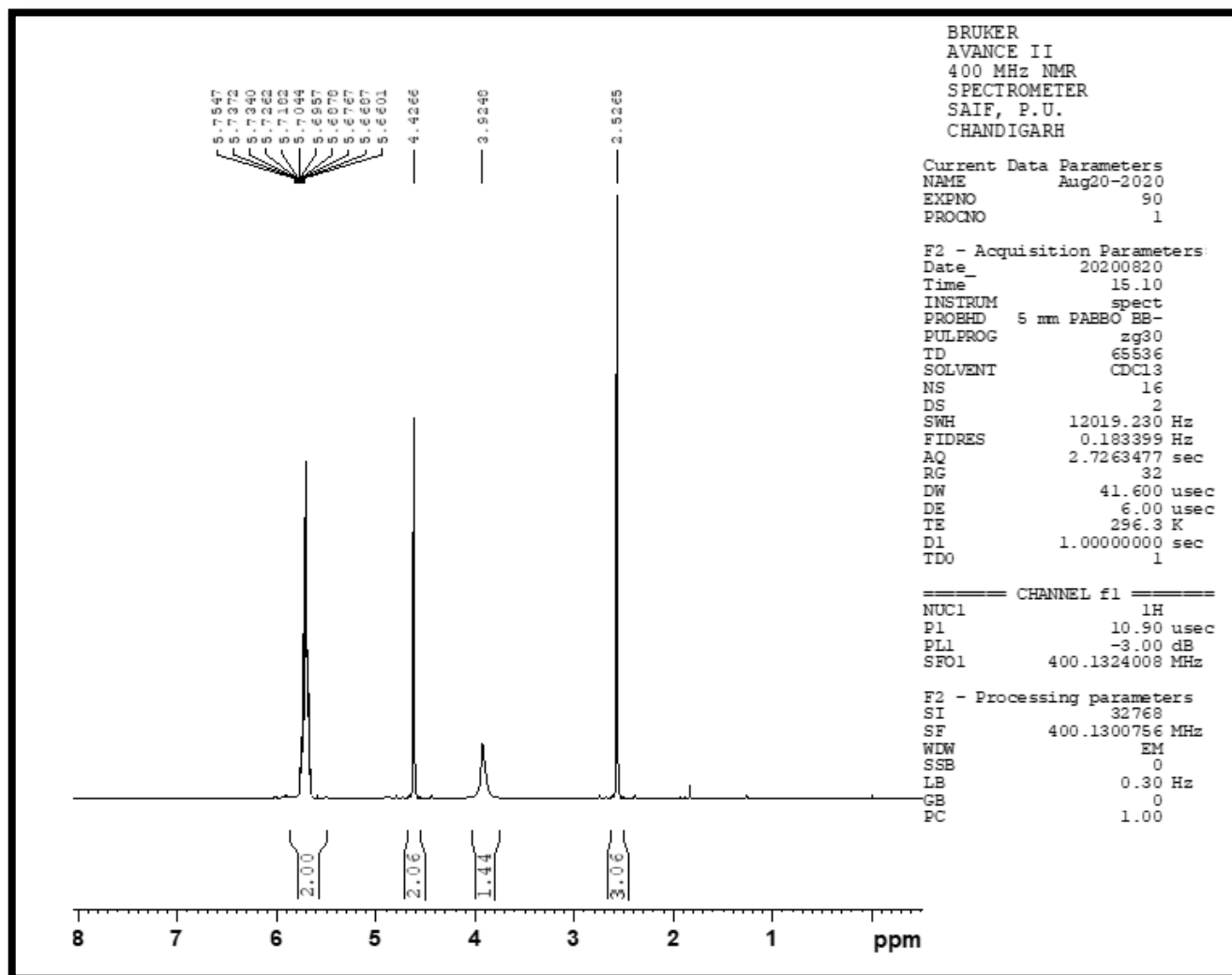
IR Spectra of 3-phenylprop-2-en-1-ol (3j)



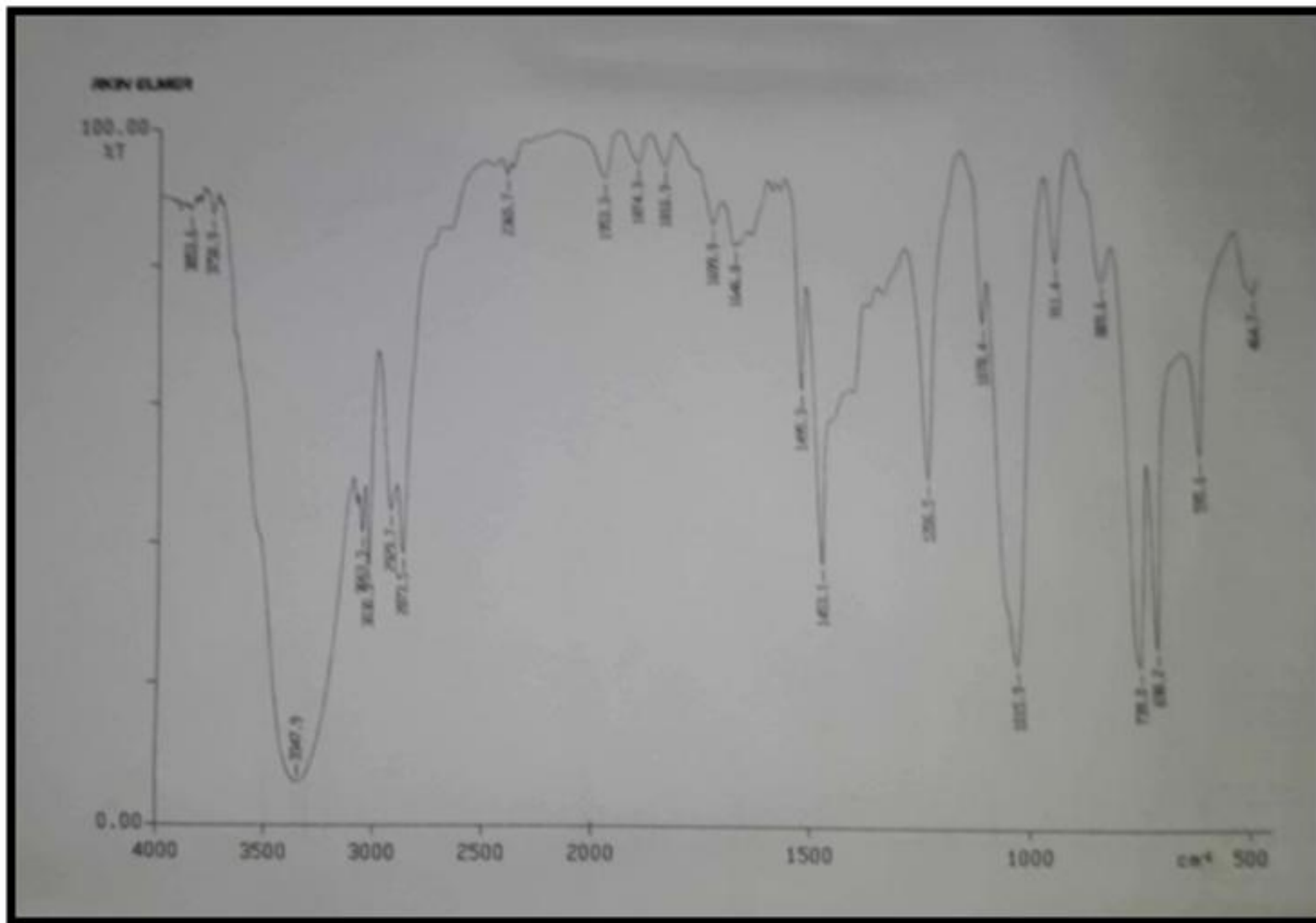
¹HNMR Spectra of 3 phenylprop-2-en-1-ol (3j)



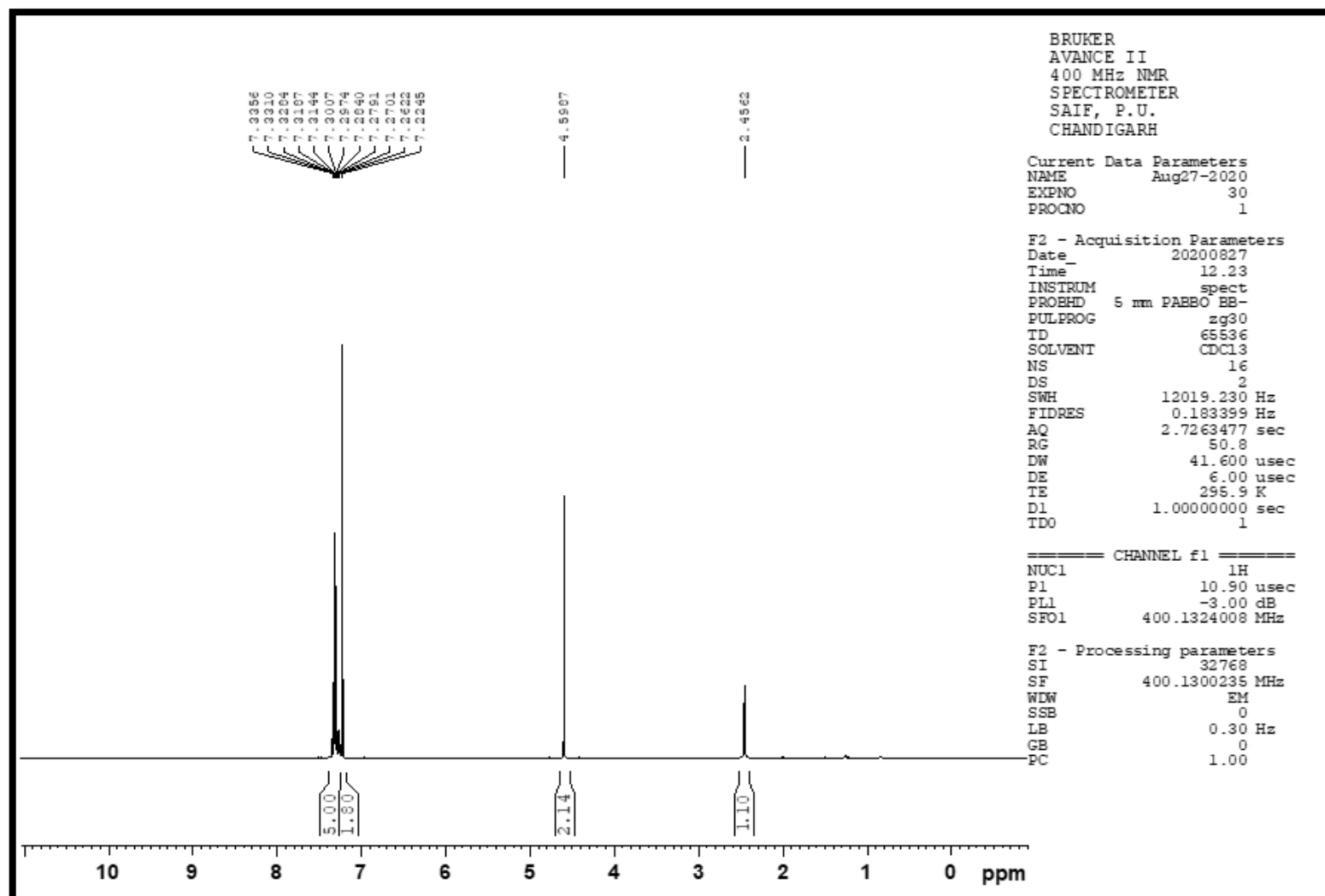
¹H NMR Spectra of but-2-ene-2-ol (3k)



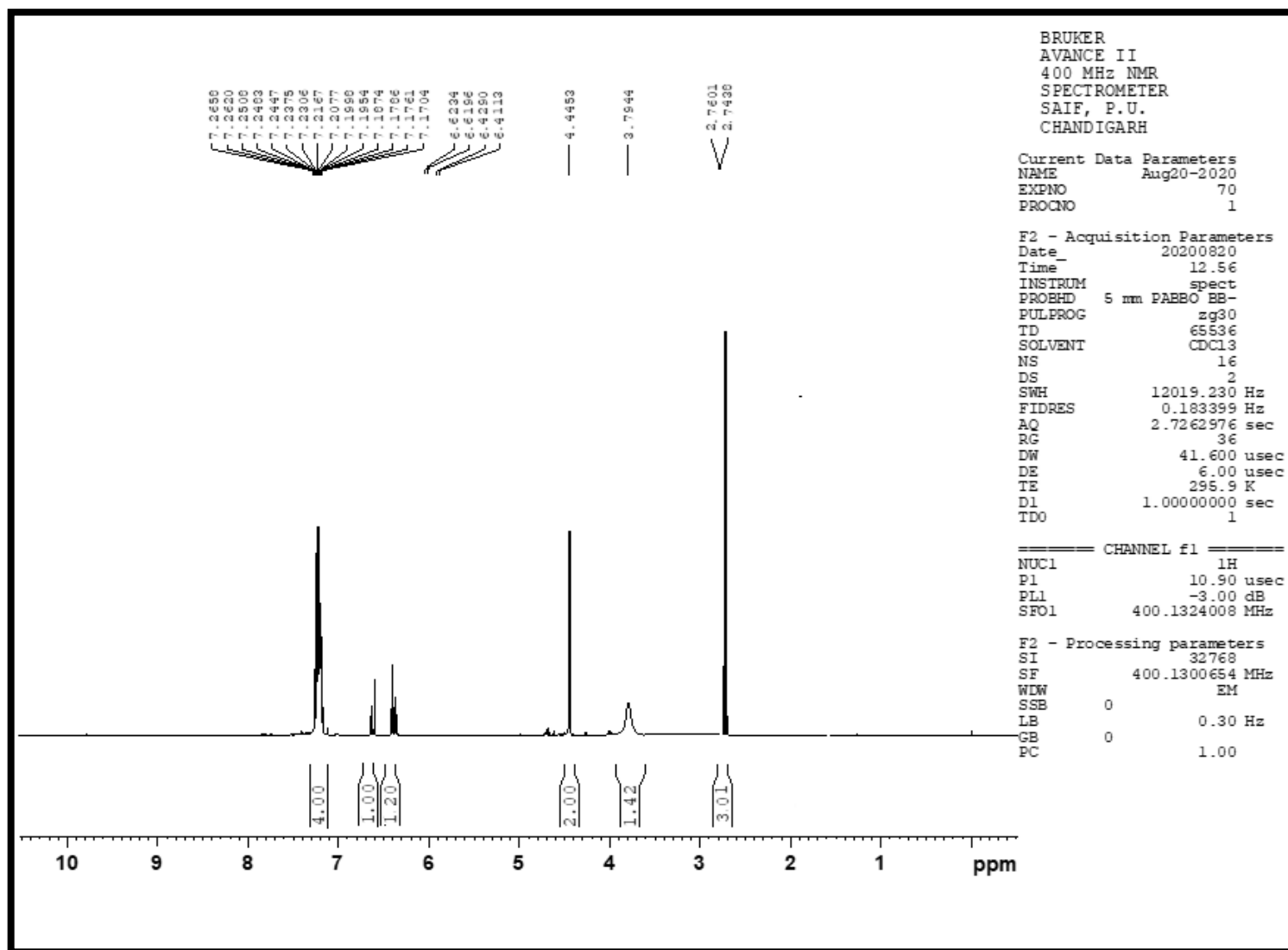
IR Spectra of 4-(4-chlorophenyl)but-3-en-2-ol (3I)



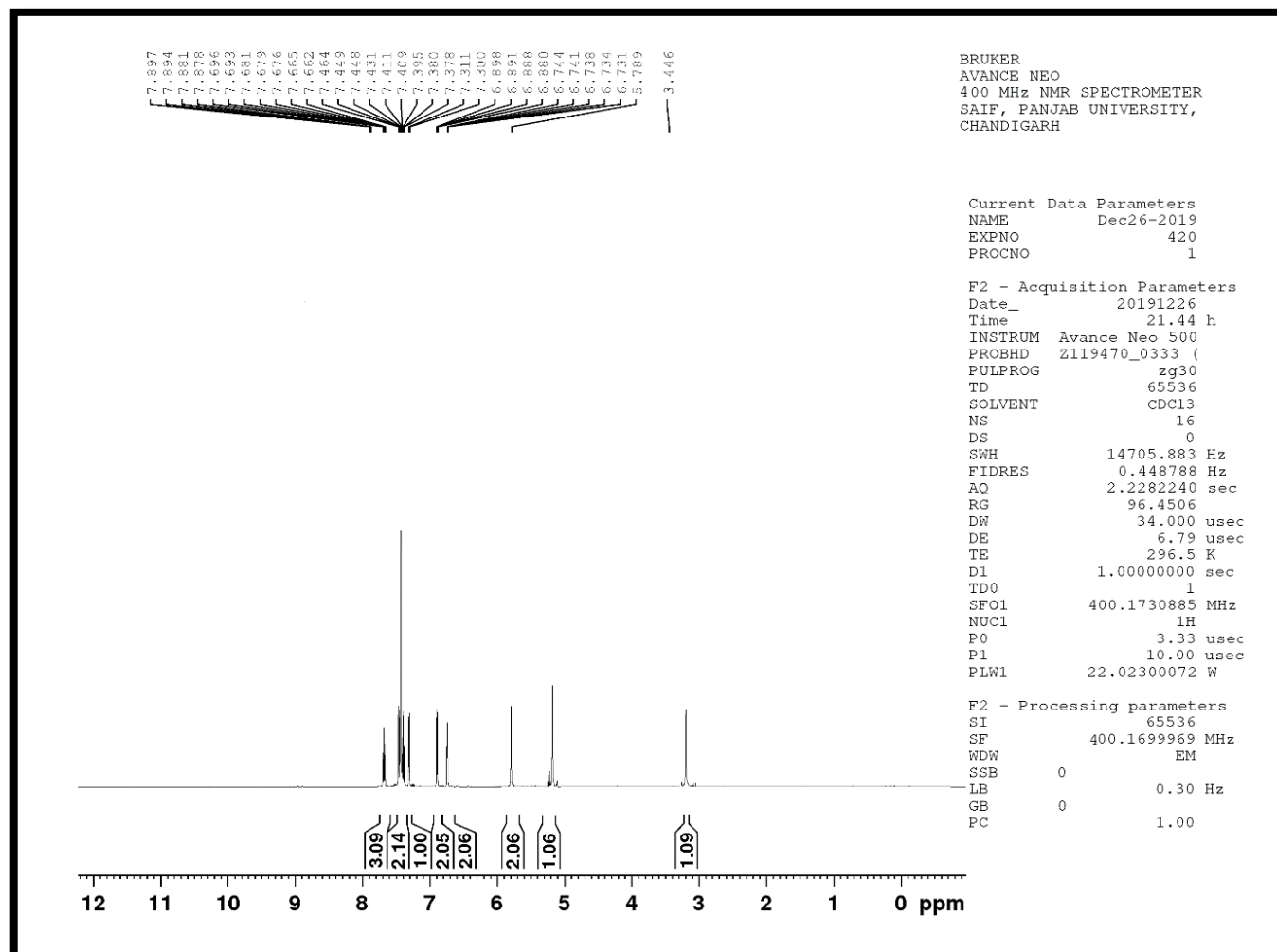
¹HNMR Spectra of 4-(4-chlorophenyl)but-3-en-2-ol (3I)



¹HNMR spectra of 4-(p-tolyl)but-3ene-2ol (3m)



¹H NMR Spectra 1,3 phenylprop-2-en-1-ol (3n)



¹H NMR spectra of 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-3-phenylprop-2-ene-1-ol (3o)

